





HOW CAN WE

PANEL III

Moving Towards Better Efficiency

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REDUCING SAMPLING AND TESTING?



PROCESS FLOW



How can we reduce the workload?







SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS - GMP GUIDELINES

Complete batch
Sampling all containers
Identity test on each sample

Deviation permitted with Validated Procedure Sampling only a proportion of the containers

Composite sample

No details about the number of containers combined



SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

FDA

- No requirements for the number of containers sampled
- Representative and a scientifically sampling plan must be used.

EMA

 Perform indentity testing on a statiscally representative composite sample (NIR analysis on every container)



SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

FDA & EMA



• Require the testing of each container for identity and the limit test for Diethylene Glycol.



Glycerol



REDUCED TESTING DEFINITION



Not all parameters of the specification are tested. Only a reduced number of parameters are tested, while the other parameters are taken from the certificate os analysis from the manufacturer.



TESTING REQUIREMENTS

GMP Chapter 5

- Audited and qualified manufacturer that has been assessed and classified
- Manufacturer should have appropriate experience with the material
- ICH Q7 requires full testing on at least 3 batches



TESTING REQUIREMENTS

GMP Chapter 5

• Full analysis at *appropriate intervals* based on risk and compare the results with the material manufacturer or supplier's certificate of analysis



REDUCED TESTING



Responsability

Pharmaceutical manufacturer Parameters tested.



Supplier's Audit



Reduced Sampling **Risk- based** sampling plan







SUPPLIER QUALIFICATION FLOWCHART

How We Do It?





SUPPLIER QUALIFICATION



Good **confidence** on the Quality Management System



Responsabilities



Good **Quality** Material





SUPPLIER RE-QUALIFICATION (MONITORING)



Review of **Performance**

- Continued Monitoring Material Report (CMMR)
- Critical material attributes results
- Deviations
- Change controls.



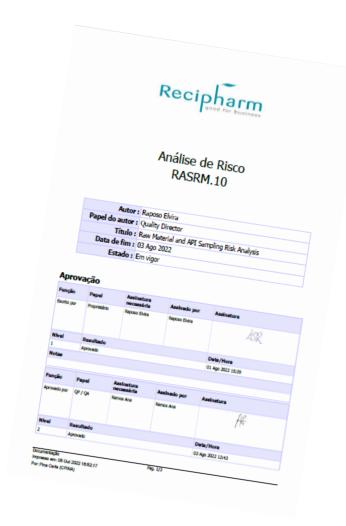




RAW MATERIAL AND API SAMPLING RISK ANALYSIS

Scope

- Samples taken are representative of the batch.
- Risk value for each material based on several factors => *Material* segregation within the containers.





RAW MATERIAL AND API SAMPLING RISK ANALYSIS



APIs

Total Identification

• Sampling of $\sqrt{n+1}$



Excipients

Total Identification or
 √n + 1 Identification

• Sampling of $\sqrt{n+1}$



A step by step decision process based on risk evaluation:

Identification

• Type of Container (Single use or multi use)

Evaluation

- Composite mix
- Potential for Segregation
- Sensitive/stable Materials

Quantity/Intake

- Type of Process
- Function in formula

Mitigation



Defined Actions for Existing Raw material and API codes



No need to perform sampling in several levels



In 2 batches, from 3 containers, 3 samples top, middle and bottom. Analysis on selected critical tests for potential segregation evaluation.



Defined Actions for Newly Raw material and API codes



1 batch, from 3 containers, 1 sample from top and from 1 container top, middle and bottom. Analysis on selected critical tests for potential segregation evaluation.



2 batches, from 3 containers, 3 samples from top, middle and bottom. Analysis on selected critical tests for potential segregation evaluation.



Final evaluation



A "Sampling Evaluation Report" is issued evaluating the obtained results.



No evidence of segregation - Sampling on the top of the container, for $\sqrt{n+1}$ containers.

Evidence of segregation - Actions



Risk Assessment	Mat	Risk	RPN	Action	Action for new		
Steps			Level		For existing	material	
			1 – Low		material		
			5 - high				
	Container	Single use	1	NA	Take samples from	Low Risk	
					the top of container,	Take 5 samples in	
Risk Identification					following normal	1 batch	
					sampling plan		
		Multi use	5	NA	Continue to Risk Eval	uation	
						T. 5:	
	Composite mix	Single component material	1	For API:	Low Risk	Low Risk	
		Composite or mixed	5				
		material		RPN =1	Take samples from	Take 5 samples in	
	Potential for	Homogeneous particle size	1	Low Risk	the top of container,	1 batch	
	Segregation	distribution or micronized			following normal		
Risk Evaluation		API		RPN ≥5	sampling plan		
		Not homogeneous or wide	5	High risk		High Risk	
		range of particle size					
		distribution				Continue to Risk	
	Sensitive/stable	Non Oxidisable / non	1	For		Mitigation	
	Materials	Thermo-sensitive/ non		excipients:			
		Hygroscopic		RPN ≤5 Low	High Risk		
		Oxidisable/ Thermo-	5	Risk			
		sensitive/ Hygroscopic			Continue to Risk		
					Mitigation		



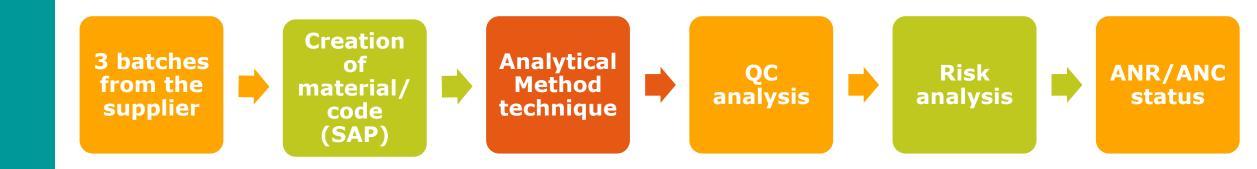
Risk Assessment	Risk Assessment Material Property			RPN	Action	Action for new	
Steps			Level		For existing	material	
			1 – Low		material		
			5 - high				
Risk Mitigation	Quantity/Intake	Less than 30% of the	1		Low Risk	Low Risk	
	For Raw	formula		RMPN =1			
	Materials	Equal or more than 30% of	5	Low Risk	Take samples from	Take 5 samples in	
		the formula			the top of container,	1 batch	
	Quantity/Intake	Equal or more than 30%	1	RMPN rate	following normal		
	For API	of the formula		is ≥ 5 High	sampling plan		
		Less than 30% of the	5	Risk		High Risk	
		formula					
	Process	Solution/Granulation/Single	1	1	High Risk	Take 9 samples in	
		Component				2 batches	
		Suspension/Non	5	1	Take 9 samples in 2		
		Granulation			batches		
	Function in	Others	1	1			
	formula	Lubricants	5	1			
	(Excipients Only)						





REDUCED TESTING FLOWCHART

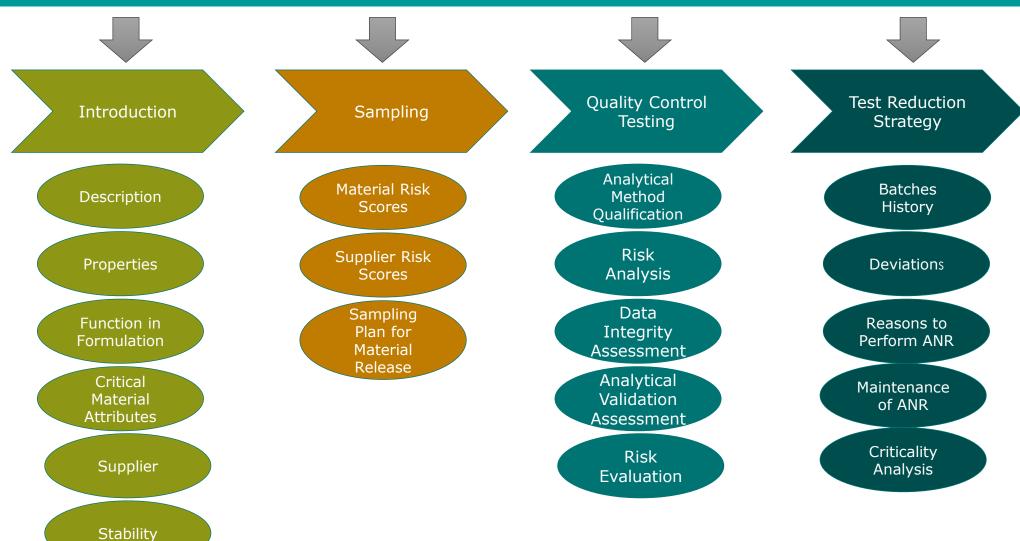
How We Do It?



Raw Material Risk Analysis



Raw Material Risk Analysis





CRITICALITY ANALYSIS

Parameter (Tests)	Limit / range Hipercol Registration File	Direct impact in the CQA of the finished product?	Criticality for raw material	Criticality (Final conclusion)	Reduced analysis	Re-entry	Reanalysis	Comments (Justifications related to the test)
Appearance/ Description	Slightly yellowish, microcrystalline powder.	No	Yes	Critical	Yes	Yes	Yes	A change in appearance may indicate degradation or deterioration of the excipient, therefore this test is considered critical.
Solubility	Soluble in water, insoluble in alcohol.	No	No	Not Critical	Yes	No	No	Although this test is not considered a critical test with impact in the finished product critical quality attributes, it is an internal requirement not performed by the supplier, therefore it needs to be tested on ANR.
рН	6 – 8	No	No	Not Critical	No	No	Yes	Although not considered a critical test, according to the registration file, pH must be tested on reanalysis.
Loss on Drying	≤ 10 %	No	Yes	Critical	Yes	Yes	Yes	This raw material is hygroscopic, thus loss on drying is considered a critical test and needs to be performed always.
Viscosity	180 – 250 mPa·s	No	Yes	Critical	Yes	Yes	No	Viscosity test identifies the type of carboximethylcellulose sodium. Therefore, it must be performed on reduced analysis and re-entry.



REDUCED TESTING DEFINITION

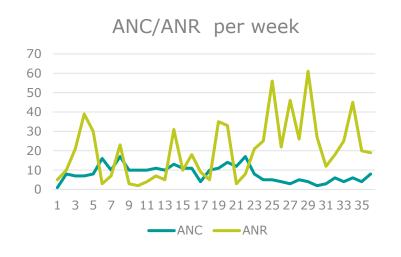
Risco Potencial	Potencial efeito(s) da falha		Severidade (S)		Controlo (C)		Probabilidade (P)	RPN (S x C x P)	Control / Mitigation Strategy
				2	Regular – detectado nos parâmetros críticos	2	Ocasional <5 lotes/ano	28	Risco baixo. Permite reduzir a frequência para ANC de 5 em 5 lotes (esta frequência será definida em função do histórico de lotes recebidos em anos anteriores).
Não conformidade analítica do fornecedor não detectada pela Recipharm	Utilização de uma MP que não cumpre integralmente todas as especificações	7	Alta	2	Regular – detectado nos parâmetros críticos	4	Repetido 5 a 20 lotes/ano	56	Risco moderado. Manter ANC anual (esta frequência será definida em função do histórico de lotes recebidos em anos anteriores).
				2	Regular – detectado nos parâmetros críticos	8	Regular >20 lotes/ano	112	Risco alto. Aumentar a frequência da ANC De 21 a 100 lotes/ano – ANC de 20 em 20 lotes >100 lotes/ano – ANC de 50 em 50 lotes (esta frequência será definida em função do histórico de lotes recebidos em anos anteriores).



ANC de 5/5 lotes
ANC annual
ANC 20/20 lotes
ANC 50/50 lotes



"QUICK WINS"









Release Batches



OBRIGADA!

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